

# Computer Organisation COMP2008

## Lab Sheet 1 (Starts session week 2, due in week 3)

Student Name and Number	
Date, Grade and Tutor signature, <b>max mark 3</b>	

**Keep this cover sheet marked and signed by the tutor.**

### 1. Preparation [Total max. mark: 1]

The main goals of today's lab are: to understand how to write simple programs, to become familiar with PC Spim – the MIPS processor simulator, and to learn how to use its features to debug your programs. **Note for 64-bit users: The first time you run PCSpim, it may complain about a missing exception handler (exceptions.s). If you see this message, open Simulator->Settings, look under "Load exception file", and change the path to the following (or something similar):**

**C:\Program Files (x86)\PCSpim\exceptions.s**

1. Before the lab please study “**PCspim.pdf**” and section A.9 (Page 40) in “**HP\_AppA.pdf**” (available on the website), as well as lecture notes and relevant sections from the ~~textbook~~.

<b>General Data</b>	<a href="#">UnitOutline</a>   <a href="#">LearningGuide</a>   <a href="#">Teaching Schedule</a>   <a href="#">Aligning Assessments</a> 🗨️
<b>Extra Materials</b>	<a href="#">ascii_chart.pdf</a>   <a href="#">bias_representation.pdf</a>   <a href="#">HP_AppA.pdf</a>   <a href="#">instruction_decoding.pdf</a>   <a href="#">masking_help.pdf</a>   <a href="#">PCSpim.pdf</a>   <a href="#">PCSpim Portable Version</a>   <a href="#">Library materials</a>

2. The following exercise is to familiarise yourself with **PCSpim**. Note: If you use **QtSpim**, your exercise here will be based on QtSpim.

- a) Make a **hand drawing** of the PCSpim user interface [**0.5 marks**]

Note 1: Screen captures are not accepted.

Note 2: Your hand drawing does not need to copy all the information on the user interface; however, you must include at least 3 to 5 complete lines from each area (pane).

Note 3: If a single drawing cannot display all the required information, you may provide multiple drawings.

- b) Explain in writing what is the role of four main horizontal areas (panes) in the PCSpim user interface [**0.5 marks**].

## 2. Workshop Tasks [Total max. mark: 2]

Please answer the lab Questions listed below in writing, print or neatly write your answer:

1. Create a folder for this subject (e.g. CO\_COMP2008), and within it create a subfolder for Lab01. Copy two assembly language files *hello.s* and *helloimproved.s* (see Prac. 01 code on the website) to the newly created folder. **NOTE:** PCSpim assembly programs are text files, they can be edited with any text editor, for example NotePad, NotePad++, etc.
2. Start PCSpim. Open file *hello.s* in PCSpim and run it. Meanwhile open the same file in a text editor (e.g. NotePad++, for easy view) and analyse the code. You must read and fully understand all comments! (# ← comments in the code). **NOTE: The PCSpim simulator is only for running assembly programs and doesn't support code editing; it's not a good code viewer either. For editing assembly programs, you have to use a text editor. So for the lab tasks regarding assembly programs, you'll switch between PCSpim and a text editor.**
3. Open *helloimproved.s* in PCSpim and run it. Also open the same file in a text editor (for easy view) and analyse the code; compare it with the *hello.s* code.

Run *helloimproved.s* in PCSpim again. Pick up a line of code statement from PCSpim and identify the following formats for the code statement: the original text of the instruction, the assembled text, and the machine code.

**Question (0.3):** Answer the question in writing. List a couple of lines of code statements from PCSpim. Point out which are the *original text* format of the instructions, the *assembled* version, and the *machine code* version. Also, briefly explain main differences in between (addressing technical details).

4. Run the *helloimproved.s* several times, and observe its results in the console window. Identify the data segment, and the registers. Then single-step through the program, observing the changes in the registers. After the whole program has been executed, experiment with the 'clearing registers' action.

**Question (0.2):** What is the effect of clearing registers? Why simulator provides this operation?

5. Still with *helloimproved.s*. Find comment '# line xx' and insert left to the comment mark '#' the following: `sub $s0, $t0` Save and load the program.

**Questions (0.2):** Observe what's happening when loading or running the program. What was the effect from this code modification? Explain 'why' with more technical details.

[Restore the program to the original form by deleting '`sub $s0, $t0`']

6. Modify the *helloimproved.s* to print on the screen two additional lines of text defined by yourself: e.g. one line with your name (or the subject title), and one line with any text you like. Note: don't change the

existing message defined in the program; insert at least two labels defined by yourself. Save your program as *myfirstprog.s* Remember to write clear, descriptive comments for your part of the code.

**Demonstration (1):** demonstrate to the tutor the program you wrote. Be prepared to explain the code, and answer additional questions about the code and PCSpim.

7. **Questions (0.3):** When running *helloimproved.s*, after the output text is printed to the console, why the cursor is placed in the next (blank) line? What is the role of instruction 'syscall'? How syscall *services* and *arguments* are selected and specified in the code?

### 3. Assessment

When you complete all tasks, present to the tutor a **printed copy of your program source code** with your name and student number included in the comments in your code (#...), and typed or neatly written answers to all questions listed in the lab sheet (note that amount of questions vary per lab).

**Warning:** Any source code duplicated amongst students will result in a zero mark, and possible further action according to the WSU policy on plagiarism (see the subject learning guide).